#### § 351.605

in the order of their retention standing, beginning with highest standing employee.

### §351.605 Liquidation provisions.

When an agency will abolish all positions in a competitive area within 180 days, it must release employees in group and subgroup order consistent with §351.601(a). At its discretion, the agency may release the employees in group order without regard to retention standing within a subgroup, except as provided in §351.606. When an agency releases an employee under this section, the notice to the employee must cite this authority and give the date the liquidation will be completed. An agency may also apply §§351.607 and 351.608 in a liquidation.

[60 FR 2678, Jan. 11, 1995]

### §351.606 Mandatory exceptions.

(a) Armed Forces restoration rights. When a agency applies §351.601 or §351.605, it shall give retention priorities over other employees in the same subgroup to each group I or II employee entitled under 38 U.S.C. 2021 or 2024 to retention for, as applicable, 6 months or 1 year after restoration, as provided in part 353 of this chapter.

(b) Use of annual leave to reach initial eligibility for retirement or continuance of health benefits. (1) An agency shall make a temporary exception under this section to retain an employee who is being involuntarily separated under this part, and who elects to use annual leave to remain on the agency's rolls after the effective date the employee would otherwise have been separated by reduction in force, in order to establish initial eligibility for immediate retirement under 5 U.S.C. 8336, 8412, or 8414, and/or to establish initial eligibility under 5 U.S.C. 8905 to continue health benefits coverage into retirement.

(2) An agency shall make a temporary exception under this section to retain an employee who is being involuntarily separated under authority of part 752 of this chapter because of the employee's decision to decline relocation (including transfer of function), and who elects to use annual leave to remain on the agency's rolls after the effective date the employee would oth-

erwise have been separated by adverse action, in order to establish initial eligibility for immediate retirement under 5 U.S.C. 8336, 8412, or 8414, and/or to establish initial eligibility under 5 U.S.C. 8905 to continue health benefits coverage into retirement.

- (3) An employee retained under paragraph (b) by this section must be covered by chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code.
- (4) An agency may not retain an employee under paragraph (b) of this section past the date that the employee first becomes eligible for immediate retirement, or for continuation of health benefits into retirement, except that an employee may be retained long enough to satisfy both retirement and health benefits requirements.
- (5) Except as permitted by 5 CFR 351.608(d), an agency may not approve an employee's use of any other type of leave after the employee has been retained under a temporary exception authorized by paragraph (b) of this section.
- (6) Annual leave for purposes of paragraph (b) of this section is described in §630.212 of this chapter.
- (c) *Documentation*. Each agency shall record on the retention register, for inspection by each employee, the reasons for any deviation from the order of release required by §351.601 or §351.605.

[62 FR 10682, Mar. 10, 1997]

## § 351.607 Permissive continuing exceptions.

An agency may make exception to the order of release in §351.601 and to the action provisions of §351.603 when needed to retain an employee on duties that cannot be taken over within 90 days and without undue interruption to the activity by an employee with higher retention standing. The agency shall notify in writing each higher-standing employee reached for release from the same competitive level of the reasons for the exception.

# $\S 351.608$ Permissive temporary exceptions.

(a) General. (1) In accordance with this section, an agency may make a